One of the more devastated zones in Mexico City during the 19 September 1985, Mexico, earthquake ($M_s = 8.1$), was the third section of the Nonoalco-Tlatelolco Housing Complex (NTHC3). In this work, based on a field survey and a statistical analysis and using the Likert scale and open questions, we assess the current seismic risk perception at NTHC3. Our results indicate that the community considers that: 1) They live in permanent risk due to a possible impact of an earthquake in the near future; 2) There is a high probability of a disaster similar to the one in 1985; 3) It will be difficult to participate in a local committee to prevent disasters; and 4) Disasters are not a divine punishment. We conclude that NTHC3: 1) Is not prepared or organized to mitigate the impact of a future large earthquake; 2) Does not know the civil protection authorities that can provide support during large emergencies; and 3) Is not economically prepared to face disaster conditions. As a consequence, we believe that at NTHC3 it is necessary: 1) To promote the organization and development of disaster mitigation programs; 2) To enhance the conscience of the population about the need to implement social action plans to prevent a disaster; and 3) For the local civil protection authorities, to improve communication strategies to emphasize preparedness and offer information about possible preventive measures to mitigate the impact of a future large earthquake.